

DAILY CITY RECORD

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BY J. L. BROWN

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FRANK SWART IS ALL RIGHT



Tuesday morning the San Francisco Call published a short but sensational story to the effect that petitions were being prepared for the recall of Franklin Swart, for permitting illegal distribution of county funds.

The editor of this paper, knowing the real situation and wishing to defend a strict upright official, wrote Mr. Swart requesting a statement of the facts. A complied and in a personal letter accompanying the following statement, he said in part:

"If you desire you can use this statement, or any facts contained therein. If you deem it advisable not to publish any of the facts I leave it to your good judgment."

"On Tuesday, April 29th, of this year, a fat young man by the name of Harry Stafford of San Francisco, who has been admitted to the bar, asked me why I did not permit certain gambling in the North End.

"On May 24th this same young man appeared for O. Bandoni, a hog man, in Judge Lampkin's court. A jury convicted his man and he was fined \$250. Stafford then demanded more time which I refused to grant in that I had forced out all the other hog men except O. and P. Bandoni and I could not give them more time. Stafford demanded various favors. I refused. He then, there in the court room declared in loud tones that 'just for that' he was going to start a recall on me and make me spend some money. P. H. McEvoy and Constable Martin Walsh were there in court, and they with Judge Lampkin heard all that transpired. After leaving the court room Stafford stated that he would get plenty of money to recall me. The bystanders laughed at him and nothing more was heard of Stafford.

"On last Saturday warrants were again issued for the Bandoni's. On yesterday the officers attempted to serve these warrants, but could not locate the defendants. This morning the Call publishes my picture and a sort of rumored recalled story. The other newspaper men had heard of Stafford's tactics but ignored them. It may be remembered that Stafford is the same young man who within the last few months held out \$5000 as a fee from the funds of B. Sheehan of San Mateo for legal services.

"I shall not leave my office on account of any recall started by Harry Stafford or by any other man who may attempt to work through him. His recall does not concern me whatever. I deplore the fact, however, that the San Francisco Call will cheapen itself to a degree of catering to the facts published and without verifying the facts published, over the State a story of this nature rather than support a public official of San Mateo County in enforcing the laws."

FRANKLIN SWART.
Redwood City, June 10th, 1913.

The San Mateo County Development Association is about to begin an active campaign for new members. The Association is doing splendid work for the peninsula and is deserving of the support of every citizen. F. L. Eksward, the genial and popular secretary, will make a canvass of the county and we bespeak for him every courtesy and consideration at the hands of the people. Mr. Eksward has labored hard to make the Association a success and should meet with every encouragement. His work should be given the stamp of approval by the people and they could do this in no better or substantial way than in becoming members of the Association.—Redwood City Times-Gazette.

San Mateo Knights of Columbus To Celebrate

The fifth anniversary celebration of San Mateo council No. 1346, Knights of Columbus, will be held in this city June 29.

The celebration will be an all day affair, and in the evening Bishop Hanna will be a guest of honor at a reception and banquet at the Peninsula hotel.

The committee in charge is composed of George B. Rapp, George F. Killelea, James T. O'Keefe, F. Partman, J. J. Habir, Daniel Flynn, George A. Deleau, Rev. James A. Grant, Geo. A. Gadd, J. B. Ruegg and Raymond K. O'Grady.

Bryan and World Peace.

"The stone that was rejected by the builders hath become the head of the corner."

This was spoken by Christ after his crucifixion and resurrection. It applied to the influence in the world, upon humanity, of the example, precepts and good works that had characterized Christ's life.

When one reads today of the acceptance of the world—certainly, most of the nations of the world—of the plan suggested by Bryan, our Nation's, yes, the world's Great Commoner, to do away with war by the substitution of arbitration as a means to settle disputes that may arise between nations—the promotion and establishment of world peace, one is strongly impressed by the applicability to Bryan of this quoted saying that was spoken of Christ.

Rejected, yes, three times when before the Nation as candidate for President, has Bryan been. But today he stands not only before this Nation, but before the world, as likely to become "the head of the corner" in the foundation of the world's magnificent structure of Peace.

Of a truth, if this consummation shall have come, then will history record that Bryan was the benefactor of humanity and the cause of true Christianity. What more glorious renown could mortal man achieve?

The soul of this writer is rejoiced by the contemplation of this probable renown being Bryan's; for second to no person, has this writer had unwavering confidence in Bryan since his first defeat, as a man endowed and ordained of God to perform a great world mission for the advancement of the Christ ideal—the Brotherhood of Man founded in justice and righteousness.—John Aubrey Jones, in San Francisco Star.

Shortstops

Every mother knows the superiority of her own child.

Bachelors are women's rights and widows are men's lefts.

It is almost as easy to give good advice as it is not to take it.

It is woman's nature to love the villain instead of the hero.

Love heads the list of sweet things that soon turn sour.

Satan grins when he hears a man say he will reform later on.

The easiest way for a woman to hold a man is to hold him off.

If we knew the inner bitterness of hearts, we would be kinder.

If you wish to be treated courteously, treat others the same way.

All women are born equal, but they don't look it in bathing suits.

If you wish to strike a man favorably, don't aim at his pocketbook.

If a woman wants to catch a man, she should let him do the chasing.

Salt will keep meat, but it requires sand to keep a good resolution.

A pretty girl will turn a man's head, even if he has a boil on his neck.

Girl friends are never so thick that they can't see through each other.

The world has little use for the man who needs an ear trumpet to hear the call of duty.

Farewell to Armitage Orphanage

The San Mateo Armitage Orphanage, a landmark in this section and for many years one of the leading benevolent institutions of the state, practically passed out of existence last Saturday with the departure of 150 orphan, half orphan and abandoned boys for their summer camping grounds near Sebastopol, where they will pick fruit and berries all season. The youngsters left in charge of Superintendent Robert Ellis.

The board of managers of the orphanage recently sold the grounds and buildings to Anton Borel, a San Francisco banker, who will take over the property October 1. Borel will add the orphanage land to his already large estate.

When the Armitage boys complete their work at the summer camp they will be placed in homes throughout the state.

During the past week the United Railroads has installed a switch just south of Orange avenue and are rebuilding the east track in conformity with the specifications of the State Highway and they will push the work with all possible speed, so that the Highway work may be accomplished at the earliest possible moment. This means that Mission street through Daly City will be a veritable beehive for a couple of months or more, as a large force of men will be employed.

Superior Court

Thursday District Attorney Swart moved that the charge of an assault against one William Maloney, committed some time ago at a resort near Portola be dismissed and Judge Buck granted request. Mr. Swart said that with the evidence at hand it would be impossible to convict.

John M. Wilson vs. E. Daneluz. Demurrer dropped from calendar.

Arthur C. Sheffield vs. Mary Sheffield. Notice of motion for stay dropped from calendar.

Thomas J. Mullins vs. Elizabeth Mullins. Order to show cause continued to June 19.

J. M. Huddart vs. M. Fleishacker. Trial continued to June 12.

Mara A. Tobin vs. A. Ricci, et al. Order to show cause continued to September 4.

In the matter of the petition of San Mateo Polo Club for leave to mortgage real property. Petition granted.

The People vs. Marsh Donaghy. Case dismissed.

Leroy Padgett vs. E. A. Hardy, et al. Demurrer dropped.

Selah Chamberlain vs. J. M. Moore. Demurrer submitted on briefs.

Louis G. Claussen vs. Ernest Horne. Demurrer set for June 12.

J. L. Ross vs. E. Hillebrand, et al. Demurrer set for June 12.

Joseph Steffen vs. Emma Steffen. Demurrer set for June 12.

Kate S. Hart vs. J. Noble Jones, et al. Further trial continued to June 10.

James H. Coughy, et al, vs. W. H. Bias, et al. Judgment rendered in favor of plaintiffs quieting title to certain lands near Pescadero.

Annie Turner vs. Bernhard Mattress Co. Motion for a change of place of trial denied.

The Bass-Heuter Paint Company has commenced an action against Andrew P. Chesney and others to recover the sum of \$205 and costs for paint furnished defendants for use on the Patrick Doyle new building in the School House Extension Association, near Colma.

A. L. Stockton Lumber Company has also brought a suit against Patrick Doyle and others to recover the sum of \$735.55 for lumber furnished for the construction of same building.

Minnie Crowley of Daly City has brought suit for an interlocutory decree of divorce against her husband, Frank C. Crowley on the ground of desertion.

James D. Skelly and others have brought suit against S. H. Cowell and others to prevent defendants from using more than their share of water from the Denniston creek. Both parties to the suit are riparian owners.

The old biblical saying "That there is no rest for the wicked," was exemplified Thursday when Rupert Karl Oscar Nelson was deprived of his citizenship. Nelson was admitted to citizenship April 29. His application for a license to sell liquor at a resort known as Cypress Lodge was denied by the Supervisors. It was shown that he conducted a disorderly place and was an unfit person to conduct the resort. The government hearing of Nelson's character at once began proceedings to have his certificate of naturalization revoked and on Thursday U. S. Attorney Littleton appeared in court and his petition was granted cancelling Nelson's certificate of naturalization.

"Independent" Non-Union Workmen

Back in Chicago a few days ago a number of workmen employed by the Steel Trust petitioned the big employer to allow them to work MORE hours a day.

They were working ten hours a day at 19½ cents an hour.

And they asked for more work! They did this in May, 1913, many years after the dark ages were supposed to have passed into the musty pages of history!

Of course the reason for this action is not hard to find—when you know how to look, says Chester M. Wright. These exploited workers couldn't live on the money they were getting. They absolutely needed more than \$1.95 a day. They had no hope of being able to get higher wages per hour. The Steel Trust has not allowed unions to form within its gates, you know. So, this little group of men believed that the only way to make more money was to ask the big bosses for more HOURS of work.

The wolf was at the door! And men grow desperate at time like that. But what a smirch on our boast of "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

The road of the "pursuer" is hard.

Probate Court

Estate and guardianship of Kate Motz, an incompetent person. P. E. Lamb appointed guardian with bond at \$1,000.

Estate of William Morley, deceased. Final account and petition for distribution continued to June 12th.

Estate of Richard H. Gegax, deceased. Disposition of Kate Gegax ordered taken and further hearing for letters of administration continued to June 12th.

In the matter of the adoption of Ruth May Forman, a minor. Petition for adoption dismissed.

Florinda A. Nelson has applied in the Superior Court for letters of guardianship upon the person and estate of Carrie A. Locke, an incompetent person.

The estate consists of real property in San Francisco and farming land in Purissima canyon, bringing in an annual rent of \$1000, cash in bank amounting to \$941.79, outstanding accounts worth \$330.90. The property in San Francisco rents \$35 a month. Mrs. Locke is aged 71 years and owing to illness has become incompetent and unable to transact her business. The petitioner is a daughter of Mrs. Locke.

Louis Freggiaro has applied in the Superior Court for letters testamentary upon the estate of Louis Freggiaro, who died at San Mateo on June 1, 1913.

The estate consists of cash in bank amounting to \$589.85 and two parcels of unimproved property at San Mateo having no retail value. The entire estate does not exceed the sum of \$2000 in value. The deceased left a will bearing date of June 22, 1911. The petitioner is a cousin of the deceased.

San Bruno Items

By the Yellow critic.

Mr. Hines of Belle Air will rebuild house that was lost by fire last week.

San Bruno has reason to be proud of the new deputy sheriff, Harry Grady.

The State Highway is finished to the Baden Hill. It surely is a credit to its creators.

San Bruno's automobile row is growing fast. Many new machines have been added lately.

Mr. Lamb, a San Bruno business man, and C. Cramer journeyed to the city on business this week.

Did you ever take notice of how many of the privileged class ride free on the S. P. peninsula trains?

Mr. and Mrs. McCabe were looking for a location to establish a harness shop and shoe repairing store last Saturday.

In looking over the localities where the S. P. will spend their money, none is set aside for that new electric road down the peninsula.

Mrs. McKay's engagement to speak at the Development banquet next Thursday night was canceled by the management and Mrs. Black substituted.

Mr. Dunfield of Huntington Park, who has been sprinkling the highway for a year past, has been succeeded by Ray Mead, with Mr. Valentine holding the reins.

Talk about trusts exploiting their help; just observe the unfortunate boys that the telegraph company employs at Third and Townsend streets. Comment is unnecessary.

Why should livery s and tabledairies be condemned for their unsanitary condition, when restaurants that smell worse and do more harm are passed by without criticism.

Tom McConnell of Huntington Park, president of the Shipwrights' Union, has just returned from Sacramento, after successfully lobbying the State Drydock Bill through the legislature. To say Tom is pleased is putting it mildly.

Our popular young neighbor, Mike Martinelli, has been taking unto himself a wife. The event was the occasion for a large jollification by his friends and neighbors. Mike is made of the right kind of stuff and all wish him a matrimonial pleasure trip.

Proud of It

When you visit San Francisco now, to what do the citizens point with most pride? Why, to the municipal railway. They extol the virtues of its service, the spaciousness of its cars.

Memory harks back easily to the time when they were fighting the plan of a municipal railway there, just as is being done here.—Los Angeles Herald.

Tell us that Local News or Society Item.

Quit Faking

Say, brother, 'fess up now, honest Injun like, and tell us you joke when you talk about your unionism.

You—who haven't reached that point where you will cease handing union-made dollars to your "open-shop" enemy.

You—who haven't enough ability to even organize your purchasing power.

You, who work beside a non-unionist, day in and day out, and never tell him what organized labor means.

You—who haven't ability enough to demand an eight-hour day, which will give you time for leisure and time to think.

You—who won't even spend 5 cents a month to support your labor press.

You—who imagine you are working wonders when you attend one meeting a month.

You—who think you have "done your part" because you probably served one term as sergeant-at-arms, or in some other office of your local union, several years ago.

You—who look upon your union as a thing that will automatically improve conditions, instead of realizing that you and men like you are the union.

You—who sulk, and growl, and fume, and worry, and fret, instead of jumping into the fight—and staying there—instead of putting your shoulder to the wheel and saying a good word for the fellow beside you, who is also lending a helping hand.

Don't fool yourself, brother. Begin now to live the life of a union man.

Of course it's tough sledding—the knocks are hard and many. But the Almighty has no use for a quitter.

Neither has this old world of ours. The quickest way we can come into our own is for every one to do his or her part.

You may say, "Oh, it will come out all right." That's only a guess.

But even if it's true, you must remember that some one else is doing your share to make this possible.

Some one is doing double duty because of your inaction. If you will only do your part, "things will come out all right" just that much quicker.

Quit faking brother. Get into the fight—and stay there.

Be a union man, and not merely a member of some local union.—Seattle Union Record.

New Building Contracts.

Blanchard-Brown Company agrees to do certain road work, grading and curbing for Ansel M. Easton in Easton and Burlingame hills for \$16,660.

D. Houle agrees to erect for D. Sears in 60 days a four-room bath house at Burlingame Terrace for \$1850.

Pederson and Overaa agree to erect for H. R. Williams Jr. in 90 days a one-story attic residence at San Mateo for \$7323.50.

S. McClure agrees to erect for Mrs. Adelaide E. McDonald in 90 days a two-story frame residence at Burlingame for \$4900.

Marriage Licenses

Laurence J. Lewis, 21, and Frances E. Brennan, 18, both of San Francisco.

William A. Rome, 37, Redwood City, and Beesie Arvill, 27, Wright.

Edward Dillon, 45, and Geo. E. Vance, 35, both of Mill Valley.

Thomas C. Murphy, 32, and Golda Haas, 26, both of San Francisco.

James F. McCloskey, 35, and Helen Ruth Long, 23, both of Lompoc, Santa Barbara county.

Frank E. Jones, 54, San Francisco, and Elizabeth J. Boogar, 54, Oakland.

Harold H. Flood, 21, Petaluma, and Emma J. Girard, 20, San Miguel.

George Hill, 40, Oakland, and Elva Hogan, 25, San Jose.

Wonder if She Knows That—

When she marries him she must love him.

When she marries him she must study him.

When he is sad cheer him.

When he is cross amuse him.

When he is secretive trust him.

When he is talkative listen to him.

When he is quarrelsome ignore him.

When he is confidential encourage him.

When he is slothful spur him.

When he is noble praise him.

When he is jealous cure him.

When he does her a favor thank him.

When he deserves it kiss him.

She must always let him think she understands him.

But never let him know that she manages him.

COAST SIDE OF SAN MATEO CO.

Claude Rich and bride of Moss Beach were city visitors one day this week.

Mrs. Frank E. Littlefield has been appointed deputy postmaster of Montara.

State Superintendent of Schools Hyatt was at his bungalow in Farallone over Sunday.

Mrs. R. L. Fleming and daughter, Miss Helen are in Farallone and will spend the summer.

O. Clark of San Francisco has rented the Howard house, Moss Beach for the month of June.

Mayor and Mrs. J. F. Wienke are in Redwood City visiting County Clerk and Mrs. Jos. H. Nash.

Deputy Game Warden Bert Smith reports that there were 160 buck deer killed in San Mateo county last season.

Miss Evelyn Silbie and Rex Kruger of the Essanay Motion Picture Company spent the week end at Miss Silbie's cottage at Tobin.

The Half Moon Bay Cannery is making such rapid progress that it has been decided by the management to build a much larger building near the Ocean Shore depot.

The new engines recently ordered by the Ocean Shore Railroad have arrived and their numbers are 21 and 22.

Engineer Adolph Siegle was the engineer who gave them their first runs over the Ocean Shore tracks Tuesday and Wednesday.

An election has been called in the Purissima school district to see whether or not that district shall be annexed to the Half Moon Bay Union High School District. Purissima district's assessed valuation is \$126,285 and if the voters vote favorably they assume their ratio of the high school's bonded indebtedness.

Loren Coburn, the octogenarian landowner of Pescadero, who is reputed to have figured in more lawsuits than any man in California, cannot go into the legal fray again. Last Monday the Supreme Court of California denied his petition for a writ of error by which the wealthy capitalist had hoped to carry his fight against being declared incompetent into the U. S. Supreme Court.

The residents of Farallone about ten o'clock Wednesday night were treated to a grand electrical display. There was much speculation at first as to its cause. Some thought the Half Moon Bay Light & Power Co. was moving to Farallone via San Francisco, others said it was the searchlight of a Japanese battleship getting ready to bombard the town and others thought the Modern Improvement Club had extended their lighting system, but upon investigation it was found to be the electric headlight of number 21, one of the new up-to-date engines recently purchased by the Ocean Shore Railroad Company.

The Bargain Counter

Bargains in dress goods and bargains in lace.

Bargains in garments of beauty and grace.

Here are the offerings piled in a heap—

Bargains on bargains—remarkably cheap!

Wait, let's see whence these bargain goods came.

Ere we plunge into the bargaining game!

Look at that exquisite waist—It was made

Down in the slums by a woman ill paid;

Glorious plumes for a wonderful hat? Little child hands gave beauty to that!

Bargains in goods? Why they're bargains in pain,

Bargains in bodies and bargains in brain,

Bargains in manhood and womanhood too,

Bargains in childhood here offered to you;

Bargains in hate and oppression and greed,

Bargains in hearts that must suffer and bleed;

Bargains from sweatshops and pestilence holes,

Bargains in labor and bargains in souls.

Here on the counter together they lie.

Bargain sale! Bargain Sale! Come on and buy!

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A live weekly for live people
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My Grief Girl

A Vacation Experience

By F. A. MITCHEL

I invariably choose the seashore for my summer vacation—that is, I did so until two summers ago, when I met with something so saddening that I have never since gone there.

On this occasion of which I speak the hotel at which I stopped was full of young fellows and girls—young men are not usually found in abundance at such places—and, although they were constantly coming and going, they formed little groups for boating, fishing, bathing and such salt water pleasures.

There was one girl who never joined any of these groups. Whether she was not invited to do so or kept aloof from choice did not appear. The moment I saw her I was struck with her appearance. Never have I seen a young face so tinged with sadness. It was not a temporary expression, but one stamped indelibly. I sat watching her one day on the hotel piazza to see if there would not come some momentary change. I scarcely took my eyes off her a moment for a whole hour and during this time could not detect the slightest relaxation of her features into anything approaching a smile.

I met several attractive young ladies, but somehow could not get interested in them. The fact is I had become preoccupied with the girl with a grief. The first night after seeing her



"WHAT HAVE I DONE?"

when I lay my head on my pillow and tried to sleep I could not. I found it impossible to shut out those death in life features. I began to fear that she would cast a shadow over my outing period and I would return to the city unrefreshed. It was long past midnight before I lost myself in slumber.

When I awoke I resolved to keep away from the "grief girl," as I called her, not knowing her name, but during the day chance kept throwing her in my way. Not only did my heart go out to her in sympathy, but she exercised a strange influence over me. While I was speaking with the clerk of the hotel she passed through the apartment where we stood, and I asked him who she was. He replied that he did not know. I inquired by what name she had registered, and he said that she had not registered. Upon my asking who was with her he replied that she was alone. She had asked if she might be accommodated at his hotel without entering her name or otherwise becoming known. He had told her she might do so, and that was all the information he had to offer concerning her.

So far as I noticed, the guests of the hotel were too much occupied with their own affairs to pay any attention to a girl who was alone, unknown and by this time—I was satisfied—bent on keeping aloof from others. She had not only become a mystery to me, but had thrown over me (unconsciously, of course) a spell. I could not banish her from my mind. I boated, I fished, I bathed, but everywhere, like the reflection of a cloud in the waters, was the face of my "grief girl."

At last I gave up the struggle and resigned myself to the unraveling of the mystery. When I saw her sitting on the beach watching some bathers I sat down near her. Then suddenly I said to her:

"You are alone here, and I am not especially interested in any one. Would you mind my making your acquaintance in this unconventional manner? I have no wish to obtrude myself upon you or your affairs. I merely wish for your companionship for my brief vacation or as much longer as you may care to know me."

I watched her while I said this, and when she replied to my overture I saw both a frightened and a hungry look in her face—frightened at something I knew not what, hungry for companionship and sympathy. I saw that a struggle was going on within her; that now she was about to give vent to a

sudden burst of confidence, now to pentup tears. I gave her time, and at last she controlled herself, refraining from an expression of emotion, and said quietly:

"You are certainly very kind—you who may have all the companionship you wish—to seek me out. I accept your offer, but merely for the time we remain here and on condition that you do not seek to discover who I am. You may call me Miss Deane."

I could only acquiesce in these conditions, hoping that before we separated I might get something of her confidence. I intended not to be with her so much as to attract attention, but I found her attractive despite the pall that hung over her. Though young, her grief, whatever it was, seemed to have brought out a philosophic vein that was latent in her and rarely, if ever, found in youth, especially in girls. She spoke feelingly of the injustice in the world, wondering why an all powerful Creator had introduced it when he could as well have made all things just. But she did not complain of people being unjust. She seemed to consider that they acted out the natures which had been implanted in them. When I said that mankind were improving and a time would come when perfect justice would prevail she shook her head mournfully and said: "No. There can never be justice in the world. From the nature of things it is impossible. Fate rules in all things. We are its slaves, not its masters, as we are taught in childhood."

When man and woman become mutually attractive, intentions, resolutions, limits and the like are broken like ropes of sand. I had agreed to be companionable with Miss Deane for a matter of ten days and to make no effort to learn her identity. None of these conditions was kept. I ignored them, yielding more and more to the spell in which I was held. Then suddenly I became aware that it was an absorbing passion.

We were sitting on the rocks when the crisis came.

A declaration of love that meets with a favorable response is usually remembered with pleasurable emotions. Not so my declaration to Miss Deane. I recall it with horror. It seems that she had been drifting, like myself, not fully conscious of where we were going. When I somewhat abruptly told her that she must be happy, for my happiness depended upon hers, the look of terror that came on her face was appalling.

"Oh, my God!" she cried. "What have I done?"

Then for the first time it occurred to me that this grief under which she suffered was something that would be an impossible bar to marriage.

"What is it?" I exclaimed. "For heaven's sake, tell me!"

"I cannot; I will not!"

Her eyes were wild, and she was trembling from head to foot. Nervous spasms were coming over her like the waves rolling in upon the rocks.

"You must tell me. The hardest thing in the world to bear is uncertainty—suspense."

"Not now. It would kill me, and if you love me it would kill you too."

She arose and fled. I knew that it would be better to leave her to herself for awhile, so I did not follow her. I remained where I was and suffered from emotions that I cannot describe. Later I went to my room and still suffered. When it was growing dark I went downstairs and out on to the piazza. Miss Deane was sitting on the rock where I had made my declaration. I hurried down to her and found her perfectly calm.

"Do you wish to know this terrible secret?" she asked.

"I do. What you suffer I shall suffer."

"But you will not link your fate with mine."

"I will."

"I will not permit it."

"The secret?"

"I am Jessie Sharpe."

I felt my blood freezing in my veins, the marrow hardening in my bones.

"Jessie Sharpe, the—"

"I am Jessie Sharpe, the murderer."

It seemed that the dome of the heavens was falling down upon us. Jessie Sharpe had been the central figure of a murder case, and nearly every one believed her guilty. She had not been convicted for lack of such evidence as the judge deemed requisite under the law.

I did not offer to make good my proposal. I knew such a marriage would wreck my life as hers was wrecked and be a stain on our children. One thing, however, I resolved on.

"Is there a hope of the mystery of the murder being cleared?" I asked.

"It can only be cleared by the confession of the murderer."

"If that confession ever comes will you send for me?"

"No. If it comes you will hear of it."

"And I will seek you to the uttermost bounds of the earth."

Meanwhile the darkness had enveloped us. We sat together till late, mutually agreeing that we would not meet again. When we bid each other farewell we were seen only by the stars.

Eight years passed, and I was still a bachelor. One morning I saw a heading in my newspaper I saw a heading: "Burglar shot, confesses to a murder, Jessie Sharpe vindicated."

The words were to me as a message from heaven. For years I had suffered all this grief suffered. And now the cloud that hung over us both was lifted and the sun shone as through receding rain. Not for a moment had I doubted her innocence. This vindication had been a faint hope.

I sought her and found her receiving an ovation from the citizens of the place in which she lived. There was a second ovation the day after my arrival—the celebration of our wedding.

TWO MILLION MARK PASSED.

American Federation of Labor Makes Steady Progress.

Nearly thirty-three years ago the American Federation of Labor was organized to protect the working people of America. There was then no responsibility resting anywhere for the protection of the defenseless. Possession was power, wealth was power, position was power. Their sway was unquestioned and unchallenged. Though those to whom power had secured economic and political privileges might grind the lives out of the workers or drive them to the polls to the bidding of those in power, there was no agency to resist their will. The interests and the desires of the wealth possessors were represented and voiced in the executive, legislative and judicial branches of the government—municipal, county, state and federal. Yet there was no one to speak a word of protest or to challenge the possession of this power. To this end the workers united in the federation. That this federation has served the real and vital needs of human beings is evident from its steady growth. During the first year the membership was less than 50,000. Not until 1892 did the affiliated membership pass the 250,000 line. This number was doubled in 1900 and quadrupled two years later, and now, in March, 1913, for the first time has the 2,000,000 mark been passed. The per capita tax received from its affiliated organizations was based upon a membership of 2,007,650.

Those who have grown with the movement from the beginning and have worked for the cause before it was great and powerful can appreciate the struggle that brought the increase in membership. Those were years when each bit of progress represented untold sacrifices and efforts that persistently and courageously met discouragement after discouragement before crowned by success. It was so hard to overcome prejudice and to win confidence and respect for the federation; it was so hard to get some one just to say a good word for the cause; it was so hard to make the working people see where their welfare lay. But there were men and women willing and glad to put aside their own ease, comfort and advancement, willing to incur the misunderstanding of many whose opinion they valued that the lives of men, women and children might be made safer, better, happier. The safe and firm foundation was laid upon which organized workers have built nobly and effectively.

Persistent, constant struggle day by day has built up the present strong labor movement—the virile federation. Many are those who have contributed, some little, some more, but every good thought, word and deed has counted for humanity's cause. Not one worthy effort was trivial or of no avail. Whoever has helped in any way has contributed a real and necessary part to the success of the movement. Officers and organizers, the rank and file, all who have given or gone to carry the message of good cheer, have helped to bring to the oppressed and downtrodden the hope and the betterment found in the trade union movement upon the broad platform and under the beneficent influence and direction of the American Federation of Labor—American Federationist.

Switchmen Get Increase.

A settlement of the wage dispute between the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and the managers of thirteen Chicago railroads has been reached. Seventeen of the eighteen demands of the switchmen were granted. The principal issue—time and a half pay for overtime, Sunday, and holiday work—was deferred.

The agreement was the result of four months' arbitration between the committees. More than 5,000 men were involved, and a strike vote had been taken three months ago.

A 30 per cent increase in wages was secured by the men engaged in switching trains from the train sheds to the coach yards. The wages are raised from \$8.75 per month to \$91 for the switchmen and from \$76 to \$98.80 for their foremen.

Fixes Minimum Wage.

The leading department store in Everett, Wash., has established a minimum wage. About fifty clerks are given employment, and practically all will come under the minimum wage plan. The company has decided to place the minimum wage at \$8 a week. This scale does not include apprentices, but has to do with employees who have had some experience in the business. Apprentices will not be paid less than \$6 a week during the period of their schooling in salesmanship. Hereafter wages paid will be \$6 a week for apprentices and from \$8 to \$25 a week for experienced salespeople.

TRADE UNION NOTES.

The average wage of all workers in California is \$18.10 a week.

The wages of sheet metal workers in Brooklyn are \$5 per day.

The Prussian income tax figures show that 88.2-3 per cent of all the inhabitants earn less than \$750 yearly.

The South Wales Miners' federation has voted against a proposal to endeavor to obtain a five days' working week.

The five St. Louis local unions of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America have been admitted to membership in the Building Trades council, from which they had been estranged three years on account of jurisdictional questions.

FRATERNAL HELP.

What Organized Labor Is Doing to Relieve Distress.

AID FOR THE SICK AND OLD.

Trade Unions Have Disbursed an Enormous Sum of Money For Death and Disability Benefits to Members. In 1912 \$15,000,000 Was Paid Out.

The divine injunction that thou shalt not let thy right hand know what thy left hand does is without doubt more nearly carried out in the American trade union movement than in any other organization on the continent in regard to caring for the sick, burying the dead or relieving the distress of members.

Not only does the public know little of this great work by the unions, but the union members themselves cannot know of it fully, for up to the present no careful record on the subject has been kept by any of our American organizations. Especially is this true of the amounts paid in sick benefits. With the exception of about two organizations none of the general organizations keep accounts of the sick benefits paid by local unions, to which, in all but two or three organizations, is left the entire charge and burden of this feature of union beneficence.

In January, 1910, in setting out to gather information on this subject, I sent circular letters to all the international and national unions in America asking for the amounts paid by each in death, disability, old age and sick benefits. Out of 140 organizations I received statements from but forty general organizations and two districts of the United Mine Workers. It was my intention at that time to publish the information thus received; but, owing to the great pressure of work in my own organization, I was unable to summarize the facts at that time, and I have been delayed until the present, but I yet feel that they are of such importance that they should be made public, to give to the world some little idea of what the trade unions are doing in the way of fraternal help. The unions are not devoting all their time to the question of hours and wages; they are also doing a great and noble work in relieving the distress of their membership in case of death, disability, old age or sickness.

The reports received show that the first payment of death and disability benefits was in 1867 to the locomotive engineers. In 1872 the Brotherhood of Railway Conductors of America began paying the same benefits. In 1875 the Cigar-makers' International union adopted sick, death and disability benefits. In 1883 three organizations established benefits of this kind, and various others have since followed the example. The records show that out of the forty organizations reporting twenty-three have introduced death and disability benefits since 1900. The miners' organization, as such, pays no death and disability benefits, this duty being left to the districts, the two from which I have reports being Illinois and Iowa, which commenced the payment in 1909.

Sick benefits have been paid by various local trade unions for many years, but, as I have said, with the exception of two or three the international unions keep no record of the amount paid, which, therefore, can only be estimated. The reports given below show that during 1910 these forty organizations, with the two districts of miners, paid in death and disability benefits \$6,707,988.78. Reports received from various local unions throughout the country show that they pay in sick benefits from \$3 to \$10 a week. It is a safe estimate that at least 2,500,000 union members are qualified to receive sick benefits through their unions. If the average amount paid by the molders, \$5.20 a week, be accepted as a general average, in the year 1910 the local unions paid in sick benefits at least \$5,000,000, giving a grand total in the year of more than \$12,000,000 in sick, death and disability benefits paid by the trade unions of America.

Since 1910 a number of the organizations reporting have increased their benefits. For instance, the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees of America, which in 1910 paid a death and disability benefit of \$100, has notably increased the rate, now paying from \$100 to \$800. In 1910, including the sums thus expended by the locals, this organization paid a total of \$42,000. In 1912 its payments from the international treasury alone, not considering the amount paid by the locals, were on this account \$124,000. Thus, for 1912, estimating carefully, it can safely be concluded that the trade unions of the country paid out in sick, death and disability benefits at least \$15,000,000.

A compilation shows that from the beginning in 1867 up to 1910 the forty unions reporting had paid out in death and disability benefits alone \$91,887,906.25. It is impossible to estimate the amount paid in regular sick benefits, and no record has been kept by the local unions as to the further numerous amounts from time to time donated in case of distress.—W. D. Mahon in American Federationist.

Backslider Punished.

Because Joe Lewis, a former member of Ironworkers' union No. 31 of San Francisco is working Japs in preference to white men in Honolulu, the union has canceled his withdrawal card and has ruled that if Lewis desired to be reinstated he must pay an initiation fee of \$500.

Daly City Record

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

By J. L. BROWN

Entered at the post office of Daly City, Cal., as Second-class matter, under the Act of Congress, March 3, 1879

Indorsed by the Building Trades Council of San Mateo County.

TERMS:
One Year, in advance.....\$1.50
Six Months, "......75
Three Months, "......40

DALY CITY, CALIFORNIA, JUNE 13, 1913

RECORD IS ALWAYS LOYAL

Villainy seems to be the inborn characteristic of an infantimal few in Daly City that may be counted on the fingers of one hand, but they are like a leprous germ that must be avoided lest pestilence may prevail in all its baneful awfulness.

Following the idiotic insinuation in the rotten sheet, the tattletailer, reports have become current that some of our most progressive citizens, such as R. R. Castle, H. H. Smith, F. A. Hanson and other municipal water boosters, including the editor of the Record, were opposed to the water bonds, implying as a reason, "lack of confidence in the Board of Trustees." Ye Gods! Did you ever hear of a more incendiary proposition? The vilest enemy of the Bloom stripe could not strike a harder blow at municipal ownership, and it will require the utmost vigilance to counteract the oozing of envy from these lepers who have been chronic antagonizers of everything progressive heretofore, and now feel out of place in company with decent people.

As for the tattletailer, our charitable nature credits its spew as likely intended to injure the Record, and incidentally, the reason why circulars were glued to the glass of the Record office door and one of the windows Monday night.

The agitation for municipal ownership of water in Daly City originated in the Record three or four years ago, when this paper first defended the infamous treatment of the Hillcrest people by Bloom, suggesting a tar and feathers remedy. This caused a letter to the editor, that is still on file, threatening criminal libel, and other efforts were made to change the attitude of the Record. They had no effect, however, and this paper is certainly not ready to lay down on the eve of victory, of the cause it has advocated so long.

The bonds should and will most likely carry, but if failure comes, its cause will lie with the insipient liars.

Municipal ownership of water is too good a thing to let die. Its own spirit of advancement will keep it alive in spite of everything. Therefore we must never say fail, even if defeat comes on the 21st, but go to the bat again and again until success crowns our efforts; the same as was in the case of the Geary street railroad in San Francisco. That great achievement was defeated several times before it won.

In the meantime—pull off your coats and do your level best to win the game this time, and don't forget the object lesson of fire last Tuesday morning, for the lack of water. VOTE YES.

"STREET CARS are killing too many women," says a newspaper. How many women are just enough for the street cars to kill?

One of our exchanges announces that "Mickey Mulligan, the popular proprietor of the Mulligan Saloon, is having his inside painted and otherwise embellished."

HEARST says in his Examiner that "free trade is no better than free love." Well, is "bought" love the best, and is Hearst in the habit of buying all the love he gets?—S. F. Star.

"In order that I may devote my full energies to my duties, I am denying myself the pleasure of accepting any invitations to public functions during the first year of my administration."—President Wilson.

Abbe Ernest Dimmet believes that our political opinions are due to what we eat. Which raises the suspicion that Mike de Young and William Randolph Hearst consume large quantities of concentrated lie.—S. F. Star.

In the City of Angels H. H. Rose has been elected mayor as an independent candidate and was not supported by a single one of the six Los Angeles daily papers, and he was opposed by practically every minister in the city.

DAN R. HANNA demands a merger of the Republicans and Bull Moosers to "save the country from bungling Democracy." The trouble is, "bungling democracy" shows a pesky disposition to attack Special Privilege; hence Dan Hanna' worry.

A Chicago man intends to erect a \$6,000,000 theatre and cafe in San Francisco. Good. Now lets get busy and tax him heavily for adding to the beauty and entertainment of the City. We want improvements. Why not tax them to show our appreciation?—S. F. Star.

WE encourage the maintenance of old buildings, rookeries and fire-traps. How? By taxing them less than we tax new sanitary fire-proof buildings. We discourage the erection of new, fire-proof, sanitary buildings by taxing them heavily—and far more than we tax the old buildings that are a menace to life and property. We tax the new buildings as though they were a nuisance. We tax the old buildings as though they were a blessing to the City.

MAN is cramped and stifled by his present intolerable conditions. He is breaking down the bars of his manifold prisons. He is demanding breathing room in the universe. The soul is spreading the wings of an immeasurable expansion. And it is possible when we waken from our political delirium, from our industrial insanity, from our fanatical unfaith in freedom—when the stain of history is washed away and the cleansed and upstanding soul discovers itself—it is possible that we shall then be as much greater than what we now are as what we now are is greater than the ancestral ape of scientific dogma.

IN THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE CITY OF DALY, STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

ORDINANCE NO. 52

An Ordinance Calling and Providing For, and Giving Notice of a Special Election to be Held in the City of Daly City, State of California, on Saturday, June 21, 1913, For the Purpose of Submitting to the Qualified Voters of Said City, the proposition to Incur a Bonded Debt by Said City of Daly City, For the Purpose of Constructing a System of Waterworks for Said City.

WHEREAS, the Board of Trustees of the City of Daly City, did, on the 19th day of May, 1913, by a vote of more than two-thirds of the members of said board, adopt a resolution determining that public interest and necessity demanded the construction of a system of waterworks for said city, and that the cost of the construction of said municipal improvement would be too great to be paid out of the ordinary annual income and revenue of said city, which resolution was duly approved by the President of the Board of Trustees of said city, as the Executive of said municipality.

NOW THEREFORE, the Board of Trustees of the City of Daly City do ordain as follows:

Section 1. A special election is hereby called and ordered to be held in the City of Daly City, State of California, on

Saturday, June 21, 1913,

for the purpose of submitting to the qualified voters of said city the proposition to incur a bonded indebtedness by said city for the construction of a system of waterworks for said city. The estimated cost of the proposed public improvement is One Hundred Thousand Dollars, and the amount of the principal of the indebtedness to be incurred therefor is One Hundred Thousand Dollars. The rate of interest to be paid on said indebtedness will be not to exceed five and one-half per centum per annum, payable semi-annually.

Section 2. The special election hereby called and ordered to be held shall be held and conducted, and the votes thereat received and canvassed, and the returns thereof made, and the result thereof ascertained, determined and declared as herein provided and according to the laws of the State of California, providing for and governing elections in the City of Daly City, and the polls for such election shall be and remain open during the time required by said laws.

The ballots to be used at said special election shall be such as may be required by law to be used thereat, and, in addition to any other matter required by law to be printed thereon, shall appear the following:

Municipal Ticket

To vote for the proposition, and thereby authorize the incurring of a bonded indebtedness for the amount of, and for the purpose stated in such proposition, stamp a cross (X) in the blank space to the right of the word "YES".

To vote against the proposition, and thereby refuse to authorize the incurring of a bonded indebtedness for the amount of, and for the purpose stated in such proposition, stamp a cross (X) in the blank space to the right of the word "NO".

Also said ballot shall have printed thereon, the following:

Proposition to incur a bonded debt by the City of Daly City to the amount of \$100,000, for the purpose of constructing a system of waterworks for said city, such debt to bear interest at the rate of not to exceed five and one-half per centum per annum, payable semi-annually.

Sample ballots containing the above matter required to be printed thereon, shall be supplied to the electors of said city by the city clerk, but a failure on the part of any elector to receive such sample ballot, shall not be held to invalidate the election or affect in any manner the legality of any bonds that may be authorized thereat.

Section 3. Any qualified elector of the City of Daly City may vote at said

special election for or against the proposition herewith submitted. To vote in favor of, and authorize the incurring of a bonded debt for the purpose set forth in the proposition herein stated, he or she shall stamp a cross (X) in the square to the right of the word "YES" printed opposite to such proposition, and to vote against and refuse to authorize the incurring of a bonded debt for the purpose set forth in the proposition herein stated, he or she shall stamp a cross (X) in the square to the right of the word "NO" printed opposite such proposition.

Each cross (X) stamped in the square to the right of the word "YES" shall be counted as a vote in favor of, and to authorize the incurring of a bonded indebtedness for the purpose set forth in the proposition opposite to which such cross (X) is stamped; and each cross (X) stamped in the square to the right of the word "NO" shall be counted as a vote not in favor of, and a refusal to authorize the incurring of a bonded indebtedness for the purpose set forth in the proposition opposite to which such cross (X) is stamped.

Section 4. There shall be three election precincts within said city for the purpose of holding said special election, which shall be, and are hereby designated "Election Precinct No. 1," "Election Precinct No. 2" and "Election Precinct No. 3" respectively.

"Election Precinct No. 1" shall consist of all that portion of Daly City particularly bounded and described as follows:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the Western boundary line of Daly City with a line produced by the center line of Vista Avenue, running thence Easterly along the center line of said Vista Avenue to the center line of said San Bruno Avenue; thence Northerly along the center line of said San Bruno Avenue to the center line of Mission Street (otherwise known as the Mission Road); thence Northerly along the center line of said Mission Street (otherwise known as the Mission Road) to the center line of Wellington Street; thence Northerly along the center line of said Mission Street (otherwise known as the Mission Road) to the Northern boundary line of Daly City; thence Westerly along the Northern boundary line of Daly City to the Western boundary line of said city; thence Southerly along the Western boundary line of Daly City to the point of commencement.

The officers to conduct said special election in said "Election Precinct No. 1" are as follows:

Inspector—Lulu M. Smith
Judge—Gertrude J. Ross
Clerks (2) Jas. J. Poket and Julius Nelson.

The polling place for said "Election Precinct No. 1" to be used in special election shall be N. W. corner Mission Road and Hillcrest Drive.

"Election Precinct No. 2" shall consist of all that portion of Daly City particularly bounded and described as follows:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the Western boundary line of Daly City with a line produced by the center line of Vista Avenue, running thence Easterly along the center line of said Vista Avenue to the center line of San Bruno Avenue; thence Southerly along the center line of San Bruno Avenue to the center line of Alpha Avenue; thence Easterly along the center line of Alpha Avenue and continuing in a direct line Easterly with a line produced by the center line of Alpha Avenue to the Southeastern boundary line of Daly City; thence running Southerly along the said boundary line to the Southern boundary of said city; thence Westerly along the Southerly boundary line of said city at their Street to the center line of Mission Street (otherwise known as the Mission Road); thence Northerly along the center line of said Mission Street (otherwise known as the Mission Road) to the Southerly boundary line of said city at Orange Avenue; thence Westerly along said Southerly boundary line to the Western boundary of said city; thence Northerly along the Western boundary line of said city to the point of commencement.

The officers to conduct said special election in said "Election Precinct No. 2" are hereby appointed and designated as follows:

Inspector—Mrs. Julia Obrien

Judge—Mrs. Addie Flood
Clerks (2)—S. P. Allen, and John Kester.

The polling place for said "Election Precinct No. 2" for said special election shall be 716 Mission Road.

"Election Precinct No. 3" shall consist of all that portion of Daly City particularly bounded and described as follows:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the center line of Vista Avenue with the center line of San Bruno Avenue, running thence Southerly along the center line of San Bruno Avenue to the center line of Alpha Avenue; thence Easterly along the center line of Alpha Avenue continuing in a direct line produced by the center line of said Alpha Avenue to the Southeastern boundary line of Daly City; thence running Northerly along the Southeastern boundary line of said city to the Northern boundary of said city; thence in a direct line Westerly along the Northern boundary line of said city to the center line of Mission Street (otherwise known as the Mission Road); thence Southwesterly along the center line of Mission Street (otherwise known as the Mission Road) to the center line of San Bruno Avenue; thence Southerly along the center line of San Bruno Avenue to the point of commencement.

The officers to conduct said special election in said "Election Precinct No. 3" are hereby appointed and designated as follows:

Inspector—Gertrude Adeline Hintz
Judge—Lillian Landini
Clerks (2)—H. Bloomington and Henry Harler, Sr.

The polling place for said "Election Precinct No. 3" for said special election shall be 401 Crocker Boulevard.

The City Clerk is hereby directed to procure all supplies that may be necessary to properly and lawfully conduct said special election.

When the polls are closed the officers of election shall count the ballots cast at such election, and canvass the votes cast respectively for and against the proposition herein stated and make return thereof to the Board of City Trustees in time, form and manner required for the counting, canvassing and returning of votes cast at other municipal elections held in said City of Daly City.

Section 5. If, at such special election, it shall appear that two-thirds of all the votes cast thereat, were in favor of and authorizing the incurring of a bonded debt for the purpose set forth in the proposition, then such proposition shall be deemed to have been accepted by the electors and bonds will be issued to defray the cost of the improvement therein specified and to the amount stated therein. Such bonds shall be of the form and character known as "serials" at least one-fortieth part of the principal sum of said indebtedness will be paid each and every year until all of said bonds shall be paid.

Section 6. This ordinance shall be published once a week for two weeks prior to said day of election in the "Daly City Record," a newspaper of general circulation, printed and published less than six days a week in said city, and this ordinance and such publication shall constitute the notice of said election.

Section 7. This ordinance shall take effect immediately.

I, George N. Smith, Clerk of the City of Daly City, do hereby certify that the foregoing ordinance was introduced at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said city, held on the 19th day of May, 1913, and was finally passed by more than a two-thirds vote of said Board of Trustees at a regular meeting of said Board held on the 26th day of May, 1913, and that the vote on the passage of said ordinance was as follows:

Ayes: Trustees Biebel, Freyer, Green, Landini and Ross.
Noes: Trustees, none.
Absent: Trustees, none.

Dated, Daly City, Cal., May 26, 1913.

GEORGE N. SMITH,
Clerk of the City of Daly City.

[SEAL]
I, the undersigned, hereby approve the foregoing Ordinance this 26th day of May, 1913.

B. C. Ross,
President of the Board of Trustees of the City of Daly City, and executive of said municipality.

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THE
LEADING

GROCER

Fruit & Vegetable
Dealer

Goods Delivered Everywhere and
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

DALY CITY CALIFORNIA

JOHN HENNESSY
DEALER IN

COAL

AND

FEED

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ELLIS C. JOHNSON
Justice of the Peace
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Deeds, Contracts, etc., correctly
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Daly City, Calif

COUNTY CORRESPONDENTS WANT

THE BOULEVARD

Mission Road & School St.

Case Goods A Special

GAS KITCHEN CASE COOKS

White is King



The very BEST all-round
Sewing Machine that
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The rotary makes boy
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50

THE DALY CITY RECORD

TO JANUARY 1, 1914, TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS

LOCAL PAGE

Advertisements

WATER BONDS.

YES!

If you are on the down-hill line, get a transfer quick.

Mrs. F. Botteron residing at 722 Myrtle, is quite ill.

Mrs. G. T. Crook, 108 Bellevue, gave birth to a fine girl on June 3.

Mrs. W. J. Sweeney and son, Master Billy, have gone to Mesa Grande.

Mrs. Welch has returned home from St. Luke's Hospital and much improved.

Mrs. G. Ceconi who resides on Los Angeles avenue is reported very ill and under the care of Doctor Marion.

Mrs. R. S. Thornton and daughter, Mrs. Josephine Lindsay, left this week for a few weeks' visit in the East.

Mrs. E. Ottis, mother of Mrs. Frank R. Sampson, will leave on the 23rd for Kansas City, when she will join her son.

L. Bocci has started to cut off the front of his building opposite the Colma Hotel to make room for the State Highway.

DON'T MONKEY with the cheap printer. It costs you more in the long run. Pay us a fair price for good work and get satisfaction.

Fire Commissioners Smack, Smith and Secor (S. S. S.) will leave Sunday for a week's outing in the mountains around St. Helena and Willets.

Dr. F. Bush's dental office is No. 420 Mission Road. Office hours 10.30 to 5.30 p. m. except Wednesdays. Evenings by appointment. Sundays 10 to 12.

The old gentleman who is driving for Nava's Colma Meat Market, had his wagon struck by a car Monday and the concussion threw him off, injuring him slightly about the head.

Talk about singular coincidence, this issue of the Daly City Record is dated FRIDAY, JUNE 13, 1913 and is VOLUME 5, No. 13. Even the day and dates will never happen again.

Mrs. J. W. Nicholson of Fort Bragg, arrived Sunday for a week's visit with her daughter Mrs. B. F. Jarvis on Santa Ana avenue. Mr. and Mrs. Louis Podesta, of Feather Springs, is also visiting Mrs. Jarvis.

Last Wednesday morning a party of joy riders came to grief near Home of Peace Cemetery. They were running at a high rate of speed and were struck by a car and all were thrown out. Fortunately no one was badly injured.

News was received last week from Dorsetshire, England, of the death of John Charles Dennis, on May 20, 1913, aged 65 years. The deceased was the father of John H. Dennis of Colma. The Record extends its sincere sympathy.

FOR SALE—Florence Automatic 3-burner, coal oil stove, blue flame. Used only 6 weeks. In excellent condition and cost \$14. Price \$9.00, spot cash. Call mornings only at 211 Santa Barbara avenue, Daly City.—Mrs. A. Romer.

FOWZER, the artist photographer, at 3126 Sixteenth street, near Valencia, is the best place in San Francisco to get first-class photography, any kind, any size, any price, any time. Also backgrounds for photo galleries, show windows, etc.

Grace Presbyterian Church Sunday School will have a picnic in Golden Gate Park Saturday, June 14, at which a large number are expected to attend, including parents and children. It is expected to leave Crocker Boulevard and Mission at 9 o'clock.

The honest way to discontinue a subscription to a newspaper is to first pay the small amount you owe. Thus you will retain the respect of the editor and guard your own peace of mind. To do otherwise, such as ordering the postmaster to notify the publisher that the paper is "refused" is cowardly.

Grace Presbyterian church is being moved this week to the corner of Green avenue and Hanover street, where it will be remodeled and materially improved. Rev. Dickey, the new pastor who recently came with his family from Virginia City, seems to be an earnest and energetic worker. His predecessor, Rev. Duncan, has accepted a call to San Anselmo.

Our Job department is absolutely first-class and completed in every detail. Therefore this is the real place and the real time to get down-to-date printing with speed and reasonable prices.

Commercial printing.
Letter Heads.
Billheads and Statements.
Envelopes.
Cards.
Wedding Cabinets.
Legal Blanks.
Briefs and Transfers.
Quality printing always.

THE TRUSTEES OF DALY CITY

At the Board of Trustees meeting Monday all members were present except Biebel.

Freyer, of the street committee reported deplorable condition of some of our streets caused by their having been torn up to install water mains, sewers, etc. and not properly replaced, no inspections having been made.

He made a motion to place the matter in the hands of the committee. Ross said he was in hearty sympathy with Freyer's remarks. Green seconded motion and the same was carried.

\$10. was voted San Mateo Development Association for May and June dues.

Communication from District Attorney Swart relative to Ransome street, urging the city to co-operate with him in a suit to retain the street. City Attorney Morris stated that Mr. Swart had also written him, and then he advised the trustees to deny the petition of the Ocean View Land Improvement Co., asking Daly City to relinquish its claim, which was done.

By request of the fire commissioners, the attorney was instructed to ask the supervisors to disincorporate the fire district.

Then followed the reports of the recorder, city clerk, pound master and treasurer. The treasurer reported a balance in the bank of \$2,146.33.

Celia Nelson's claim for \$22 for storage of fire wagon 11 months was allowed.

Renewals of saloon licenses were granted to F. A. Smack, A. Vireno, John and Enrico Biggio, I. Poket, C. Mundelius, Otto J. Meyer, Fahey Bros., F. S. Knowles, I. Imsand, M. M. Millett, Caesar Ehlers, Geo. Panigattorous. Class B licenses were granted to Julia Donovan and Cali Bros.

Ross reported that he had notified Scottis of intention to condemn his lot for street. It was verbally stated that Mrs. De Soto, next to Scottis, asked \$850 for her lot. A communication from the Woman's Club urging the propose cross streets was referred to Ross.

Ordinance No. 53 fixing water rates from July 1, 1913 to June 30, 1914, was unanimously passed. It provides for a minimum of \$1.25 for meter rates on 2250 gallons and a flat rate of \$1.75 where no meter is used.

Blasting permit was granted United Railroads for one year. Sam Dowler created a stir by asserting that one of the trustees had assured him that he would receive damages for the cracked plaster on his building, but he refused to state which trustee, notwithstanding he was urged to do so. It transpired that Dowler had never made a claim, either to the trustees or the U. R. R., and defiantly said that he never would to the present board. He also said he would not go ahead with a contemplated building on the adjoining lot.

The matter of granting a permit to the Telephone Co. to place poles all over the city was laid over. The gas question was also touched on, and Ross stated that he was opposed to giving the gas company a franchise, to charge \$1.25 for 1000 feet, where Ocean View only pays 75 cents.

The question of paving the three-foot strip on either side of the State Highway on Mission street and the curbing was discussed. The general desire seems that the work must be uniform, and to do that the city will have to take the matter in hand and probably do the work under the Bauman Act, which will allow the property owners to pay for the same in 10 years if they so desire. The city can undoubtedly secure a contract for the entire work for far less money than can be done by individuals. The city engineer was instructed at the previous meeting to make plans and specifications for the work and the matter will rest until he has done so.

Ross announced the following meetings to boost the water bonds: Crocker Tract Hall, June 10. Ryan's Hall, June 12. Knowles Hall, (3 meetings) June 16, 18 and 19.

After the passing of bills the meeting adjourned.

Civic Betterment League Endorses

At the meeting of the Civic Betterment League, Tuesday evening, a resolution was unanimously adopted reiterating the previous declarations of the League in favor of a municipal water system.

The interest was enthusiastic and after several spirited speeches that rang with public spiritedness and patriotism to Daly City, a committee was appointed consisting of F. A. Hausen, R. R. Castle and W. M. Talbot, to arrange a booster water bonds meeting to be held at Bracken's Hall, on Friday evening, June 20, the evening before election.

Bargains in dress goods and bargains in lace.

Bargains in garments of beauty and grace.

DALY CITY'S BIG FIRE

Lack of Water Causes Great Loss of Valuable Property—Valiant Work of Volunteer Firemen—Object Lesson For Bonds.

Daly City suffered from a destructive fire on Tuesday morning in which half a dozen homes were destroyed at a loss of about \$10,000.

The fire started about 7:30 a. m. in the beautiful cottage on the corner of Mission street and Alpha avenue, caused by the explosion of a gasoline stove. The Ellisons were away on a vacation and the house was being cared for by the son-in-law and daughter, V. A. Brink and wife. Mr. Brink generate the stove and then went to the A Selmi grocery store across the street, when he heard the explosion. He returned instantly and grabbed the hose, but the same was dry, thus preventing him from extinguishing the blaze, which he says he could easily have done if he had water. Fire Commissioner Smack rushed across the street and he also states that the fire could have been extinguished easily if there had been any water at hand, but it spread rapidly and the cottage was soon enveloped in flames.

The entire volunteer fire department responded and at once went to work to save if possible the adjoining property, but the fight was too uneven and the flames soon spread to the house of Mrs. Emily Loch, and soon that was a seething furnace. The firemen then directed their attention to the beautiful home that is owned by Miss Jennie Jones and the Misses Julia and Susie Leonard, teachers, and so effectively did they work that the building was saved, though not without considerable damage. Finally the Loch building fell and the victory was won, thanks partially to the one little 1½ inch stream of water from the Vista Grande school building that in itself was so weak that it supplied very little water at the top of the Jones-Leonard building.

In the meantime, the Brink cottage took fire and thus the flames were connected with the large house of Charles F. Johnson, to the east and the same was soon burning briskly and set fire to the William Weston cottage and then to two refugee shacks occupied by Jack Oypancebal the milk man, where the fire stopped on account of a number of sheds having been torn down to save the only remaining cottage in that direction.

A large number of people gathered during the conflagration and everybody worked with willing hands to save the contents of the buildings, so that nearly all the furniture in most of the buildings was saved.

A large force of men were working on the reconstruction of the United Railroads and Division Superintendent Allen commendably ordered his men to assist the fire fighters, which they did with good effect.

The losses and insurance are as follows:

N. Ellison, loss \$3500; insured \$2500. V. A. Brink, \$350; no insurance. Wm. Weston, \$1500; insurance expired May 23.

Mrs. Emilie Loch, \$2500. insurance \$1000.

Chas. M. Johnson, \$3500; insurance unknown.

Jack Oypancebal, \$350; no insurance. Jones-Leonards, \$500; insured \$2500.

The fire was indeed a fine object lesson for the support of the water bonds and many people who had previously opposed the bonds, unhesitatingly declared that they will vote YES at the election Saturday, June 21. Just think, reader—over one-tenth of the amount of the proposed bond issue was lost by fire because of no water supply. That can never happen under municipal ownership.

Notice to the Public

I have impounded in the public pound of Daly City since Saturday, June 7th, 1913, 1 large dark bay horse, unredeemed, described as follows:

Height about 17 hands, weight 1600 lbs., age 7 years, color dark bay, collar sores on shoulders, star on forehead, long black tail and mane, spavin on left hind leg, no visible brand, unshod, very gentle, old scar back of right hind ear, rope burn or wire cut on right hind foot.

Said animal if not redeemed by Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, June 17, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder at said Daly City public pound to defray expenses, by JAMES J. SULLIVAN, Pound Master of Daly City.

P. S. Said animal was found roaming the streets of Daly City on Saturday, June 7th, and impounded by the pound master.

Chas. P. Lambert, the monumental worker, is an expert at his profession and makes a specialty of letter-cutting on monuments in cemeteries—gilded if desired. Shop and residence near Mt. Olivet and the Italian cemeteries.

San Mateo Items

Miss Clare Shields of Redwood City was in San Mateo visiting friends last week.

There are 30 days in this month of June. Friday, June 13, 1913, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Kertell will celebrate their 30th wedding anniversary.

Charles Templeton Crocker has awarded contracts for the first section of his Italian Gardens which will lead up to his \$500,000 manion now in course of construction at Hillsborough.

Henry Thorsen has returned from Los Angeles, where he went to recuperate when he became convalescent from his recent illness. He was materially benefited by the trip and says he feels first-rate.

"Long John" Marley, for a long time the popular proprietor of the Building Trades Building cigar stand, has disposed of his interests there and left Monday for a three weeks' trip to the Yosemite, followed by the good wishes of a host of friends.

The ball game Sunday resulted in a victory for Redwood City over the San Mateo line. Our boys don't seem to be keeping up of their fine record of last year that was so filled with snap and ginger that they were the leading amateur team on the peninsula.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Heintz are expected home this week. They have been on their ranch in the northern part of the state since the first of the year and write they will be glad to get back to civilization. Mr. Heintz is trying to sell his ranch as he finds he is not cut out for a farmer.

The funeral of Walter Elam Lewis, who died last Friday, June 6, took place Sunday afternoon and the remains were conveyed via electric funeral car to Cypress Lawn where they were laid to rest. The deceased was aged 51 years, 9 months and 8 days, leaves a widow and three children. He was proprietor of the second hand store at the corner of Ellsworth and Baldwin avenues. Mr. Lewis was a faithful member of San Mateo Lodge, 804, L. O. O. M., and the funeral was conducted with the beautiful ceremonies of that order.

Last Thursday evening Mrs. James Riley was given a surprise party by a number of her friends. Part of the evening was passed in playing whist and part was devoted to music, both vocal and instrumental. The guest provided the refreshments which were served in the prettily decorated dining room at a late hour. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Reading, Mr. and Mrs. David Stollery, Mr. and Mrs. George Stollery, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hutchings, Mrs. Effie Moran, Mrs. H. Thorsen, Mrs. Walter Marcus, Miss Fox and Messrs. E. Marcus, A. Marcus, N. Marcus, G. Allertson, John Palmer, Winton Riley, Percy Heutchung and Mr. and Mrs. James Riley.

Daly City Postoffice

Postoffice open daily from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays and holidays from 8 A. M. to 10 A. M. Outgoing mails close 6 A. M. and 6 P. M. Mail arrives at 7 A. M. and 7 P. M.

HAZEL C. RUSSELL Postmistress.

POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

Postoffice open daily from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Money order window opened from 8 A. M. to 5:45 P. M.

Letters for registration must be posted half an hour previous to the time for closing the mail.

Mails are dispatched from office 15 minutes before train time.

Out-going mail leaves as follows:

7:08 A. M.
1:10 P. M.
6:49 P. M.

Mails arriving at this office are as follows:

6:05 A. M.
11:55 A. M.
5:55 P. M.

JOSEPHINE ARMANINO Postmistress.

Colma Pioneer Merchandise Store

M. & S. BELL & CO.

Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Clothing.

Boots, Shoes and Hats

Wine and Liquors, Hay, Grain, Feed, General Merchandise.

Importers of Pure Italian Olive Oil.

Branch at Hillcrest, Public Tel. Station. COLM

DALY CITY MATERNITY HOME

AND HOSPITAL

320 PARK AVE.

MRS. A. CONNELLY

Matron and Midwife

Will attend at patient's home, or will receive same at Maternity Home.

Fee Reasonable

Christian Science Reformed Church

Free and independent. (Registered under State Charter). Sunday services at 11 a. m. in Daly City Band Hall, Melrose street, Daly City. Headquarters, Jefferson Square Building, 925 Golden Gate avenue, corner Octavia street, San Francisco. Healing and teaching every day from 11 a. m. to 7 p. m. Free reading room. All are welcome.

Here are the offerings piled in a heap—

Bargains on bargains—remarkably cheap!

Wait, let's see whence these bargain goods came,



The GRANDVIEW THEATRE

Nickleodeon

WILL PLEASE YOU

Tell Us THE NEWS



Vista Grande Grocery & Bakery

A. VOGLER

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS

Good Meat

Such as Is Sold By the Pacific Meat Company

First Township

Only United States Government Inspected Meats

JIM CASEY

The Daly City Cafe

GEORGE PAPPAS, Prop.

Strictly First-class and Respectable

Corner Mission Road and Hillcrest Drive

The Mission Road House

BILLY RAVEN, Proprietor

Finest Wines, Liquors and Cigars

Pool Table

COUNTY OFFICIALS

Judge Superior Court... Geo. H. Buck
District Attorney... Franklin Swart
Sheriff... Joseph H. Mansfield
County Clerk... Joseph H. Nash
Treasurer... P. P. Chamberlain
Auditor... H. Underhill
Recorder... J. O. Heiner
Tax Collector... A. McSweeney
Assessor... C. D. Hayward
Supt. of Schools... Roy W. Cloud
Surveyor... Jas. V. Neuman
Coroner and Pub. Admr... H. G. Plymire
Health Officer... W. G. Beattie

SUPERVISORS

James T. Casey... First Township
Wm. H. Brown... Second Township
J. MacBain... Third Township
Jos. M. Francis... Fourth Township
D. E. Blackburn... Fifth Township

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Ellis C. Johnson... Daly City
John F. Davis... San Bruno

GONSTABLES

J. H. Parker... Daly City
J. C. Wallace... South San Francisco

DALY CITY OFFICIALS

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Burton C. Ross, President
Edward Freyer
A. J. Green
Charles L. Biebel
C. A. Landini

City Attorney, J. H. Morris
Recorder, Miss C. A. Jess
Treasurer, T. Sheehan
Clerk, George L. Smith
Marshal, Eugene J. Lucey
Poundmaster, J. J. Sullivan

Woman's World

German Princess to
Wed Ex-King Manuel.



PRINCESS AUGUSTINA VICTORIA.

The handsome deposed ruler of Portugal, ex-King Manuel, although unlucky in war and state, seems to be lucky in love. His engagement to the pretty Princess Augustina Victoria of Hohenzollern has recently been announced, and the royal lovers are said to be very devoted to each other.

Little is known of the Princess Augustina in Berlin, as all of her life has been spent in the south of Germany. There is much talk in German court circles, however, as to what title she will bear as Manuel's wife. Some experts declare her rank will be only that of duchess, with the title of royal highness, while other well posted authorities assert she will share her husband's courtesy title and be known as Queen Augustina Victoria.

The young couple will be able to set up housekeeping in good style, as ex-King Manuel has a pension of \$3,300 a month and the family of the princess is wealthy.

Hobbies Fine For One's Health.

Have you a hobby? If you haven't you should have, for a hobby is the short cut to health.

So says a woman with a hobby, and she ought to know.

The woman who broods on her troubles, who broods on her poverty, who broods on her wealth or her health, is likely to suffer for it. Poor health becomes the poorer for thinking of it. Poverty becomes the harder to bear when it is continually contrasted with somebody else's plenty. A hobby will give the mind something else to dwell on and so will avert all health breaking worries.

"You know," said this woman who advocates hobbies for health, "we are a good deal like animals. We are influenced by one idea at a time. You know the story some one tells of the donkey who wouldn't go. Coaxing and beating were both useless. Then some one came along and forced a clod of earth in his mouth. He got so interested in the unusual thing in his mouth that he trotted along without knowing it."

Any sort of hobby is healthful. If you are interested in photography make that your hobby, only go at it with a purpose. Take up one subject and keep to it. Perhaps it is trees or sailboats or children or cats or doorways. Take all the photographs you can, sort and classify them and compare them, and the work will be engrossing.

Or perhaps you are interested in flowers. Go in for roses or bulbs. Collect them in the winter, grow them in the summer, read about them, write about them, cut clippings about them and sketch them, or, if you are interested in books, haunt the book shops, go to old book stalls and buy a few books judiciously. Catalogue your own books and read until your eyes are tired.

If you pursue a hobby faithfully it will help you out of all your troubles. Moreover, a hobby produces results of actual money value sometimes or of artistic or scientific value, which is better. A woman who had always been interested in genealogical matters suddenly realized this fact. She had gone about from graveyard to graveyard making impressions of old tombstones; she had copied records in old churches and courthouses; she had questioned old inhabitants of all the towns she had ever visited. Her taste for ancestors gave a point to her traveling and an interest to her life. And finally she found that she had copies of records which no one else had and a vast collection of material well sorted and classified which was of real value.

Have a hobby. Stick to it and it will bring you happiness. Candlesticks or cookbooks, puppies or primroses—anything will do. Only—have a hobby.

Color Novelty.

Some of the new rich colorings which are finding prominent place in the millinery world are known by high sounding names. A new russet green is called *verte de russe*; *marron rouge* is a rich red brown; *cog de roche* or *masturtium red*, *vatician purple*, *prune* and *twine color* are also in the best of favorites.

FUTURIST EFFECT.

An Artistic Gown
of the Season.



FRONK OF FLORAL SILK.

A set of eccentric French artists, very modern in their works, has been influencing the fashion world this season. One hears a lot about cubist ribbons in millinery and futurist silks in the fabric world.

The gown illustrated is made by a great Parisian dressmaker of futurist silk in a new shade of red with yellow and blue floral figures, precise and prim in design. The drapery, caught up sleeve and double collar of lace are modern style features.

Proper Airing of Bedrooms.

In airing a bedroom first open the windows, top and bottom. Take off the top clothes, one by one, and place on two chairs, with the seats turned toward the foot of the bed. Beat and shake pillows and place near the window. Remove lower clothes, one by one, and spread. Turn mattress so that the air has free access to every part by arching it on its two ends, or if it is in two parts set up each part to air. Spread nightdresses over the window. If possible leave the door open to flush the room with air. At least one hour's airing is necessary. Each member of the house should attend to this before leaving his or her bedroom.

When ready to make the bed brush the mattress and dust the bedstead. Turn the mattress from side to side and top to bottom on alternate days so as to equalize pressure and wear. Tuck in the under blanket free from wrinkles. Place the under sheet in the same way if a bolster case is used; otherwise roll the sheet around it. Place the bolster and pillow in position, with the hems turned downward.

If one side of the bed is near a wall put the end of the pillow where the fastening comes toward the wall. Put the top sheet on wrong side out, with a good margin at the top. The narrow hem of the sheets and the marking of the blankets come to the foot of the bed. Tuck in the blankets, leaving the margin and the doubled fold at the foot. Fold the extra length of sheet at the top over the blankets.

Put the counterpane on carefully so that it hangs evenly and smoothly.

Fads of the Season.

A fad of the season is the wearing of gray silk stockings with black pumps. Taupe and smoke gray stockings in fine thread silk weave have even a more airy and diaphanous suggestion than sheer black hose, for the flesh tint is quite visible through the gray silk.

These gray silk stockings are more fashionable now with black pumps than with pumps of gray swede or satin, which are not used now for ordinary promenade wear. The smart pump is of patent leather with a sparkling cut steel buckle at the front, and the pump rises well over the instep. Very popular also is the dainty buttoned oxford, which has the knack of making the foot look trim and tiny and which comes in patent leather with a buttoned top of dull kid or black satin, for dressy wear.

Flowered foulard makes charming summer toilets with the skirts draped or fashioned with tunic sashes. The bolero over a lace blouse worn with a draped skirt makes a charming street costume for warm spring days.

Renting a Room For Storage.

One woman who found it necessary to do something to add to her little income and who had never been able to afford the furnishing of several rooms on her third floor decided to rent it out for storage purposes to people who wished to store furniture or other belongings when they went away. The money she receives for it seems like a present, she says, because she did not have to spend any money to get it and there is no work connected with it.

Narrow Trains.

All trains are very narrow, long or pointed. Because of their narrowness they have a tendency to turn over, so should be lined their full length with a contrasting color of the material of the gown.

THE LUCK OF A GOOD LISTENER

How a Down and Out Miner
Struck It Rich.

Sam Calkins was strapped. There was no doubt whatever about his financial condition. It was 2 cents in hand—literally in hand—for he was looking at the copper coins lugubriously, remembering at the same time that there was not even a crust of bread in the house for his wife and two little children. He had taken a chair on the porch of the Sandwich hotel because chairs there were free and he didn't belong anywhere. Sam was a miner and had worked in many mines. He had been caught in a labor storm with the result of loss of employment. His savings were all gone, there was no prospect of work where he was, and he had no means of taking himself and his family anywhere else.

Two men were sitting at the other end of the porch talking together excitedly, though in a low tone. Calkins heard the word "strike," and, supposing it referred to labor matters in which he was interested, he picked up his ears and soon discovered that they referred to a strike of paying ore in some mine the name of which they did not mention. One of the men took a package from his pocket—the wrapper was a piece of newspaper—and, unrolling it, showed his companion specimens of ore. Calkins caught the words "six hundred to the ton." This told him that the specimens mentioned asayed to produce this amount out of a tone of ore. After passing the samples back and forth for awhile they were rolled again in the bit of newspaper, and the man who had produced them put them again in his pocket. Soon after both men arose and went away.

Calkins would have gone away, too, if he had had any place to go. But he hadn't. Being restless, he got up and walked over to the other end of the porch. In a chair in which one of the men had been sitting he noticed a little dark lump about the size of a hickory nut. Taking it up, he looked at it scrutinizingly.

"If the constant vein hadn't run out," he remarked to himself, "I'd swear the chunk came out of it."

It was a brownish quartz and full of gold. Calkins had worked in the Constant mine, which had proved inconsistent. While there he had taken out just such ore as this. But he had seen the vein grow narrower and narrower till it was nothing more than a crack. The mine, after a search for a reopening of the vein, had been abandoned, and Calkins had gone to work elsewhere. Personally he believed that if the vein were followed deep enough it might be found to reopen. But the stockholders were discouraged and would not stand assessment. Suddenly it occurred to Calkins that the vein had been followed and paying ore again struck. Then came the quick thought, "Can I, with only 2 cents in the world, profit by what I suspect if it is true?"

He went into the hotel, where a printed list of quotations of mining stocks was hanging on the wall, and glanced at sales of Constant. There were sales at 6 cents a share. The stock had recently stood at 4 cents. Then Calkins walked up the street to the office of a man of the name of Fisher, who he knew held some of the shares.

"I've got some information," said the miner. "Do you want it, or shall I take it elsewhere?"

"I'm your man."

"What'll you give?"

"Ten per cent of the profit."

"Make it 20 and I'll out with it."

"All right—20 it is."

Calkins produced his chunk of ore and told Fisher that it had come out of the Constant mine. Fisher asked now he knew it, but Calkins declined to satisfy him. He felt sure that if his man knew he was guessing the transaction would end then and there. Fisher had that morning sold part of his stock at 6 cents a share. He sent in an order to buy it back and 10,000 shares more at the market price. He got 1,000 at 6, 2,000 at 6½ and the balance at figures rising by fractions till the price paid was 7½ cents. The sales were larger than for many months, but not considerable.

Calkins wished to ask Fisher for a little money in advance to buy a supper for his family, but dared not lest he should lead him to suspect that the whole affair was simply a game to beat him out of a paltry sum. So great was his suspense that he preferred to keep away from home. He was hanging between heaven and hell.

The next morning when he had slept out of an outhouse where he had slept he spent his 2 cents for a paper. There in big headlines he saw the announcement that the Constant vein had been recovered, richer and broader than before. When the Mining Exchange opened the stock went up to \$5 a share and stayed there. Before noon Fisher gave his informant a check for nearly \$11,000.

Fortune had favored the man whose capital was but 2 cents. Those in the secret had bought up what stock they wanted at private sale, knowing that if they all went into the exchange together they would advance the price.

When Calkins went home loaded with good things he found his wife crying, his children clamoring for something to eat. His bank book dried his wife's tears, and his bundles stopped his children's clamor.

SNAPSHOTS AT NOTABLES

Senator C. S. Thomas, Who
Will Study Wool Schedules.



In accordance with custom the progress of the new tariff bill through the senate will be conducted with the deliberation for which that august body is noted, and the schedules will be closely scrutinized. In order to facilitate matters and take up tariff revision in a scientific manner it has been arranged to divide the majority membership of the finance committee into three groups, with Chairman Simmons as ex officio member of each of the subcommittees.

It will be the duty of each subcommittee to carefully examine the schedules assigned to it, recommend changes, if any, and report the results of its labors to the full committee.

Charles Spalding Thomas of Colorado, who has been assigned to the important wool schedule, is the newest member of the finance committee. He was born in Georgia sixty-four years ago, was graduated in the law from Michigan university in 1871 and since that year has lived in Colorado. He has served as city attorney of Denver, as governor of the state and has attended five Democratic national conventions as a delegate. In 1912 he won the state wide primary contest for senator of the United States for the term made vacant by the death of Senator C. J. Hughes. His term expires in 1915.

Socialism and Salaries.

A decidedly spirited discussion has been stirred up in the Socialist party of Schenectady, N. Y., by a resolution introduced at a recent meeting by Charles W. Wood, editor of the party organ. The city government is in the hands of the Socialist party, and the salary of the mayor, Rev. George R. Lunn, is \$3,500.

Editor Wood's resolution would automatically fix the salary of each officeholder to just what he was capable of making at his trade, profession or labor at the time he takes the office.



REV. GEORGE R. LUNN.

the maximum not to exceed \$1,500. This does not mean that salary appropriations be reduced, but that each officeholder be compelled to pay over to the Socialist organization all that the Socialist board of estimate deemed beyond his earning powers. High salaried officials see no humor in the situation.

Mayor Lunn is a native of Iowa, in his thirty-ninth year, and began his studies for the ministry in Nebraska, spent a year at Princeton and finished his education at Union Theological seminary, New York. In the fall of 1903 he was called to the pastorate of the aristocratic First Reformed church of Schenectady. About four years ago he was compelled to resign his pastorate because of his socialist preaching and then organized the United People's congregation, which later united with the First Congregational, with Dr. Lunn as pastor. He was elected mayor of Schenectady on the Socialist ticket last November.

BOOST!

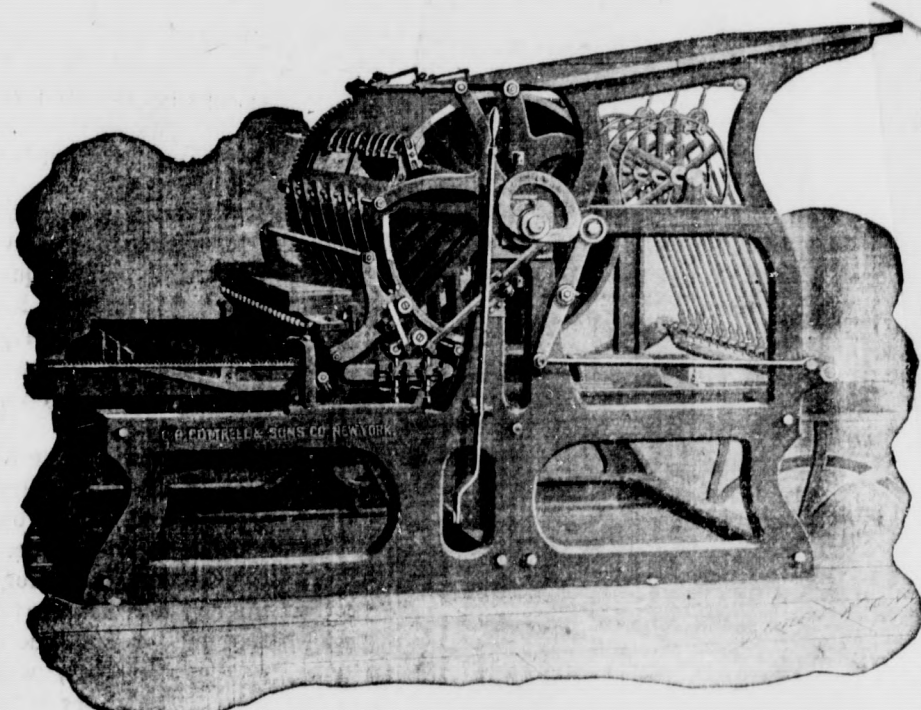


Daly City Record AND San Mateo Index

Goes Directly Into the Hands of
Those Whom You Wish
Most to Reach

Reasonable Prices

Good Workmanship



OCEAN SHORE RAILROAD

OFFICIAL TIME SCHEDULE

Became Effective Sunday, Dec. 15, 1912

7	5	3	1		2	4	6	8	10	
a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	Miles	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	
8:04	5:35	10:00	8:10	0.0	SAN FRANCISCO	7:30	2:30	4:15	5:00	8:40
8:15	5:40	10:10	8:20	2.5	Shops	7:45	2:42	4:00	5:45	8:25
8:44	5:59	10:24	8:39	2.5	Onondaga	7:57	2:57	4:10	5:46	8:17
8:49	6:03	10:28	8:44	7.1	Palmetto	8:03	3:02	4:16	5:51	8:23
8:57	6:04	10:29	8:49	7.6	DALY CITY	8:07	3:06	4:20	5:55	8:27
8:54	6:12	10:37	8:50	9.9	Thornton	8:14	3:13	4:27	6:02	8:34
9:01	6:19	10:44	8:59	11.9	Mussey Rock	8:21	3:20	4:34	6:09	8:41
9:01	6:22	10:47	9:13	13.1	Edgemar	8:24	3:23	4:37	6:12	8:44
9:03	6:26	10:51	9:20	14.3	SALADA	8:29	3:28	4:42	6:17	8:49
9:04	6:28	10:53	9:24	14.8	Brighton	8:35	3:34	4:48	6:23	8:55
9:25	6:31	11:05	9:28	15.0	Vallejo	8:42	3:40	4:55	6:30	9:02
9:17	6:32	10:57	9:50	16.6	Rockaway	8:51	3:49	5:04	6:39	9:11
9:22	6:37	11:02	10:05	18.1	TOBIN	8:58	3:54	5:11	6:46	9:18
9:38	7:02	11:27	10:43	26.0	Ransome	9:06	4:02	5:19	6:54	9:26
9:24	6:49	11:14	10:18	21.1	Green Canon	9:12	4:10	5:25	7:00	9:32
9:37	6:52	11:17	10:30	22.8	Montara	9:17	4:15	5:30	7:05	9:37
9:41	6:56	11:21	10:34	24.1	FARALLON	9:22	4:20	5:35	7:10	9:42
9:43	6:58	11:23	10:39	24.4	MOSS BEACH	9:27	4:25	5:40	7:15	9:47
9:47	7:02	11:27	10:43	26.0	Marine	9:32	4:30	5:45	7:20	9:52
9:58	7:05	11:38	10:45	27.1	Princeton	9:37	4:35	5:50	7:25	9:57
9:52	7:05	11:32	10:55	27.6	North Granada	9:42	4:40	5:55	7:30	10:02
9:57	7:09	11:36	11:00	28.1	Granada	9:47	4:45	5:60	7:35	10:07
9:50	7:16	11:40	11:14	30.2	SOUTH GRANADA	9:52	4:50	5:65	7:40	10:12
10:05	7:20	11:55	11:20	30.8	Miramar	9:57	4:55	5:70	7:45	10:17
10:10	7:20	12:00	11:20	32.6	HALF MOON	10:02	5:00	5:75	7:50	10:22
10:15	7:25	12:05	11:25	34.3	Arleta	10:07	5:05	5:80	7:55	10:27
10:17	7:27	12:07	11:27	34.8	Fairhaven	10:12	5:10	5:85	8:00	10:32
10:23	7:23	12:13	11:33	36.1	Purisima	10:17	5:15	5:90	8:05	10:37
10:30	7:29	12:20	11:40	38.0	Seaford	10:22	5:20	5:95	8:10	10:42
					Lobitos	10:27	5:25	6:00	8:15	10:47
					TUNITAS	10:32	5:30	6:05	8:20	10:52

* Trains stop on signals and to leave passengers.
At Tunitas, stages connect for San Gregorio, La Honda, Ballevalle, Pescadero and Pebble Beach.
Trains No's 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 9 are daily.
Trains No's 7, 8 and 10, Sundays Only.

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JUSTICE, NOT CHARITY.

Concerning the purposed education of working girls by their employers a leader among them says: "The girls know as much about morality as anybody else. They don't want to be educated by such men as their employers. They want to be paid a living wage so they can educate themselves."

*** In a land like ours, where education is a public charge and is provided for in many ways for all classes of people, it is much better to have the workers seek such instruction as they need through self help or co-operation with fellow workers rather than through charity.

Justice is a nobler virtue than generosity. Fair payment of a living wage is worthier than the proffer of help where justice is denied. There are many kinds of women's movements in these days, but hardly any among them is proceeding with more sanity or dignity than that of working girls seeking to establish a right to look after their living, their education, their manners and their morals for themselves without interference from patronage or philanthropy.—New York World.

AWARD FAVORS FIREMEN.

Federal Arbitrators Give Men a Substantial Wage Increase.

A substantial increase in pay has been awarded the railroad firemen by the federal commission appointed to arbitrate the wage and work demands of 31,000 men employed on the railroads of the east.

The men wanted an average flat wage increase of about 15 per cent. They got an average estimated at 6 to 12 per cent.

The engineers last year got 5 to 6 per cent increase out of their arbitration commission.

Without doubt the most important matter settled by the award of the board of arbitration was the question of uniform wages for the same kind of service, regardless of the size or financial ability of the road. Under that award a fireman on the Rutland or the Hocking Valley will receive the same pay as a fireman doing the same work on the same sized engine on the Pennsylvania or the Lake Shore.

The principle of uniformity is thus established for the first time, after much argument for and against it. The engineers in the arbitration of their demands last summer fought hard but unavailingly for the principle of "standardization," as they called it.

The award relieves the firemen of the duty of cleaning the engines.

Firemen in passenger service are to get \$2.45 to \$4 a day, according to the weight of the engines, the minimum wage named being for duty on locomotives weighing less than 80,000 pounds. In the freight service the firemen's wages will vary from \$2.75 to \$4 a day, based strictly on engine weights on drivers.

When two firemen are employed each will get from \$2.75 to \$3 a day, according to the engine's weight. Switch engine firemen will receive \$2.50 to \$2.60 a day.

Ten hours or less or 100 miles or less are to constitute a day's work. The time for which firemen will be paid shall begin at the time they are required to report for duty and end when the engine is delivered at the point designated.

To Fight Tuberculosis.

By the recent British insurance act it is provided that one penny for each insured person, payable out of the monies provided by parliament, may be retained by the insurance commissioners to be applied for the purpose of research, and the total sum thus available will at present amount to \$285,000 per annum. While the main concern of this part of the act is to combat tuberculosis, the commissioners have been advised that the money may properly be applied to research in connection with any disease which may affect insured persons.

School For Factory Girls.

Sixteen young girls, workers in white goods factories in New York city, are to have at the expense of their employers a course of study in a public school which it is believed will make them more efficient and able to command better wages.

The new pupils will not attend school continuously, but only in alternate weeks—eight one week and eight the next and so on. But their wages will go on all the time.

Demands of Trainmen.

Delegates of the conductors and trainmen of the eastern railroads, representing 100,000 men, recently met the conference committee of railroad managers and asked for an adjustment of their demands. A summary of the conductors' and trainmen's demands follows: For conductors, an advance from \$125 to \$135 a month; baggage-men, from \$75 to \$87; brakemen, from \$69 to \$81; for flagmen, from \$72 to \$84.

Long Strike Ended.

Striking miners of the Kanawha coal fields, West Virginia, in special convention at Charleston, voted 84 to 9 to accept the proposals of Governor Henry D. Hatfield for a settlement of the trouble. The strike has been in progress more than a year. It has been marked by much rioting and considerable bloodshed, while three times martial law has been proclaimed.

WASH DRESS.

It Has a Gracefully
Cut Tunic Drapery.



NEW EPONGE GOWN.

Tunics are used in a great many wash dresses, in both heavy and lightweight materials. They are becoming to most people and give an opportunity for originality in design and trimming. With the tunic it is possible also to have a frock which seems to be rather elaborate, yet can be done up by the average laundress.

The dress seen in the cut is of tan eponge combined with plain linen. The only trimming used is large white pearl buttons. The chicness of the costume is attained in the very unusual way in which the two materials are combined.

A PAYING BUSINESS.

Authoress Who Does Not Neglect Home Duties For Literary Work.

"I am aware," said Mrs. Rhinehart, author of popular plays and novels, in a recent interview, "that folks imagine Mary Roberts Rhinehart is an old maid, with a lean, wrinkled face, spectacles, a dress that doesn't fit and perhaps a parrot, or that she is mannish in her garb and yearns for a vote, or that she talks of art and the wonders of Bohemia. I know they do, and it hurts me."

"I'm a regular person, with a home and a husband and three children, with all the desire of my sex to wear the best gowns I can have and wear them as well as the next woman. I don't yearn for a vote. I don't talk about art, because I'm busy with my household and my writing. As for Bohemia, I have no part or parcel of it."

"We have a Pomeranian and an Alredale terrier and a Persian cat. We have a lot of chickens—Orringtons, Plymouth Rocks and Wyandottes, all white—and a few turkeys."

"I have a very pleasant library in our home at Sewickley. It is equipped with all the books, pictures and desks that any author's heart could desire, but—I can't write in it. The only work I can do in our house is running the house. In a Pittsburgh office building I have a small office, with a plain table and chair in it. There I do my writing. I consider five hours' work a good day, and then I go back to Sewickley and take up my household duties and pleasures again."

"So you see literature is more of a business than a passion with me. I like to write, but it doesn't take up all my thoughts. There is a demand for what I turn out, and I produce it as carefully and conscientiously as any manufacturer would produce collars or candy."

"It has had its rewards like any other business. There were lean years and fat years. The leanest of the lean years brought \$1,200, and in the fattest of the fat I earned \$50,000. I once made \$5,000 in three weeks."

The Velvet Waistband.

Black or colored velvet ribbon of excessive width forms sashes for new lingerie frocks.

One of these new models is made of white batiste, all over hand embroidered with a rather large and cold floral pattern, and inset between the garlands with small squares of creamy lace. About the waist at its normal line is a girdle of flame colored velvet ribbon, which at the back is tied in a butterfly bow.

The loops of the bow are drawn upward and caught against the shoulder blades, while the long ends fall over the demitrain of the skirt.

New Cotton Fabrics.

The semi-military Balkan styles lend themselves well to development in the new cotton stuffs. Belted jackets of ratine or eponge are mounted over skirts of cotton crape or harmonica, crape which gives the effect of pin tucks or broken stripes. Buttons are the first requisite of the Balkan costume, and the buttons must be gay enough to make themselves heard, so to speak, on the costume or their effect will be lost. With such frocks are worn hats of a smart semi-tailored character and buttoned boots of white buckskin.

LESSEN RISK OF WORKERS.

Preventable Industrial Accidents an Economic Crime.

In a recent editorial the New York American calls attention to the urgent need of adequate workmen's compensation laws in this country. It says in part:

The objective point of the worldwide movement for the legal standardizing of the responsibility of employers for industrial accidents is to take the profits out of manslaughter and mayhem.

Every civilized country in the whole circle of modern commerce—save the United States—has recently made a momentous discovery—to wit, that it is possible to lower the cost of production without lowering the price of flesh and blood.

It is not necessary to cheapen men in the process of cheapening goods. The country that exposes its workmen in mines and mills to preventable disaster is guilty not only of moral baseness, but also of economic stupidity.

Employers' liability laws such as those that exist in Austria, Germany, Holland, Belgium, Italy, Finland and Norway—or even the less perfect laws that exist in Great Britain, Denmark, France, Sweden and Russia—make the employers' motive of economy toward the saving of human life.

Under such laws it pays the employer to use the best safety devices and to be very careful not to expose his workmen to unnecessary risks. And it pays society at large to maintain such laws, not only on grounds of common humanity, but because the cost of production and the prices to the consumer are actually decreased.

Every year a half million people are seriously wounded or maimed in the industries of the United States, which is the same as to say that one out of every six or eight in a given generation of Americans carries some kind of an industrial scar.

To note the contrast between our peril and the comparative safety of European workers, consider the figures showing the annual deaths per hundred thousand in the coal mining business of this and other countries: France, 91; Belgium, 100; Great Britain, 128; United States, 339.

These statistics are several years old, but in America the rate constantly increases because of the increasing depth of the mines, while in Europe, with much deeper mines, the rate is constantly diminishing with the perfecting of legal and mechanical safeguards in European countries.

Is it not time for America to wake up? Here is a case of race suicide that admits of no sentimental dispute.

We need in this country workmen's compensation laws that shall be specific, unescapable and of general application over the whole field of industry.

The widows and orphans of industrial martyrs should inherit something more than a lawsuit. They should have an incontestable indemnity.

Experiment in Work Schedules.

An interesting experiment in revising hours for weavers, tried by a Bradford (England) firm, has proved so satisfactory that it may become general, especially for women. By the system work begins at 8 a. m. Instead of 6, stops forty-five minutes for dinner and continues until 5:45 p. m. Saturday hours are 7:30 to 12. As weavers were paid piece rates, slight advances were given to compensate for shorter time.

The firm reports a sustained output, and, apart from the compensatory advance, weavers make as much as formerly. The firm considers the rearrangement due to operatives in view of changed trade conditions. Forty years ago a weaver operated two looms on cloth not over twenty-six inches wide. Now weavers run two looms, turning out sixty to sixty-six inch widths. With modern machinery it is believed that the weaver does more work, measured by square yardage, in eight hours than was formerly produced in eleven. Weaving is largely done by women, and the growing strain upon them is a matter for serious consideration.

Union Officials Sued.

Suit to enjoin the International Molders' Union of America from interfering with the employees of the Keyless Lock company of Indianapolis has been filed in the circuit court by Arthur Jordan and Arthur Baxter, owners of the company. They asked \$10,000 damages. Joseph P. Valentine, president of the union, and other union officials were made defendants. The petition said the union ordered a strike at the plant in November last and that employees who desired to remain were attacked by pickets.

TRADE UNION BRIEFS.

Union plumbers of Omaha, Neb., earn 68 2/3 cents an hour.

Dunkirk (N. Y.) Odd Fellows' new building will be erected entirely by union men.

Denver has a membership affiliated with the labor unions and women's auxiliaries of 14,036.

United Mine Workers of America comprise 2,403 local unions, with a membership of 391,112.

A new wage scale in St. Louis breweries gives to every employee a raise in wages of approximately \$2 a week.

In eighteen states women teachers average less than a dollar a day. The highest average salary is in California, \$918 a year.

Since organization, Bound Brook, N. J., carpenters have raised their wages from \$2 for a ten hour day to \$3.60 for eight hours, the period being ten years.

FABRIC HATS.

A Mode on Smart
and Picturesque Lines.



CREPE DE CHINE HAT.

The soft crowned, floppy brimmed hat of flowered fabric pictured is of buff crepe de chine, printed with terra cotta figures. The ribbon trimmings match the color scheme. The brim droops over the eyes and shades them, while the bow in the rear droops over the neck.

Closely fitting turbans are particularly becoming to young girls, though not unsuitable for more mature faces of a certain type. They are always so trim and distinctly appropriate for tailored suits that their popularity is easily accounted for. These new models are of such fine straw that they may be bent into practically any shape desired and cannot fail to be exceedingly becoming.

BON VOYAGE GIFTS.

Special Steamer Cake Boxes Are Acceptable Offerings.

Be very sure that your friend who is setting forth shortly for Europe or the Mediterranean is an excellent sailor before you scatter your substance in costly floral offerings. The fate of most cut flowers sent as bon voyage remembrances is a salty grave, and, unless the stewardess desires for herself the expensive orchids, roses and violets that are hastily turned over to her, when once the vessel begins to roll, overboard they go.

If one's friend is an experienced sailor one of the special steamer cake boxes will make an acceptable bon voyage gift. These boxes are fitted with lock and key and may be used afterward for the safe keeping of personal belongings. Inside are little trays and drawers, each filled with appetizing sweet and spiced cakes. Afternoon tea on board the steamer is a great institution, and the woman who can dispense hospitality in the way of delicious little cakes is sure to be popular. Preserved ginger in the small blue jars in which it is put up is another thoughtful bon voyage remembrance, for there are times when at the thought of anything except preserved ginger and a lemon the very soul sickens.

A steamer rug is a substantial and handsome gift, and a rug, pillows and rubber lined case in which these belongings may be packed for storage until the return voyage is a gift that any traveler will be overjoyed to receive.

Summer Coats.

Cotton eponge coats will be worn during the summer, as their suppleness and noncrushing quality make them preferable to those of linen. Besides the severely tailored styles, the draped models will be much worn because eponge has been woven in much finer qualities this season. The fillet mesh weave is particularly good looking.

The mackinaw coats of last summer have been replaced by outing coats that



NEW MACKINAW.

have much more style, and they are in styles that will be more becoming to the majority of women. These new coats are generally of a fine worsted, serge or whipcord in a bright shade of green or red, a rich shade of tan, chambray or leather, or in a striped or checked black and white. A long hip length Norfolk style, with collar and cuffs of white kidskin, broadcloth or eponge, is the most popular.

A smart mackinaw in checked black and white is illustrated here.

MR. HENRY PECK AND HIS FAMILY AFFAIRS . . . By Gross



WORKING FOR JUSTICE.

The labor movement has its origin in suffering, in need and in desire and aspiration for a better, fuller life. The purpose and the aim of the American Federation of Labor are to protect men from suffering, injustice and wrong and secure for them the opportunity and the means for possessing their own individuality and for living freer and more independent lives. Wherever injustice and oppression have existed the workers have ever been those who have suffered most. Organization has been their means of protection and betterment. The American Federation of Labor has fought the battle of the weak and the wronged, it has fought against seen and unseen powers, but without wavering and without fear it has fought and won many battles without ever lowering its colors.

The fight has just begun. It will last as long as need exists in the lives of those upon whom the burden of the world's toll falls. One epoch marking stage in the growth of the organization has been passed. Beyond lie greater and greater opportunity. There are yet millions of weary toilers, worn and heart-sick, who are not gathered into the trade union movement. There exists the need; there is our work.

JUDICIAL PERSECUTION.

Animus of the Contempt Proceedings Against Gompers.

As time passes the contempt proceedings against Samuel Gompers and others growing out of the boycott of the Bucks Stove and Range company five years ago take on the appearance of judicial persecution.

In December, 1908, Gompers and his associates were summarily adjudged guilty of contempt and sentenced to imprisonment by the supreme court of the District of Columbia. The decree was entered by Justice Daniel Thew Wright carried anger and resentment in every line of it. On appeal to the supreme court of the United States the judgment was reversed in May, 1911, by a unanimous decision, on the ground that if there was cause for action at all it should have been by civil and not criminal proceedings.

Without heeding this rebuke, the District court in June, 1912, again arraigned the defendants and again found them guilty, imposing jail sentences. This verdict is now affirmed by the court of appeals of the District of Columbia, which reduces Gompers' penalty to imprisonment for thirty days and imposes fines only in the cases of his associates. Thus, while punishments are lightened, they are nevertheless inflicted upon the old theory of criminality which the highest court in the land has disavowed and repudiated.

It is not possible to indorse the acts and words of Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison in this controversy, but the courts of the District of Columbia are even more in error. They are not dealing appropriately with citizens who are in the wrong. They are carrying on a personal feud which has already received a most impressive rebuke. They are judicial last ditchers, who are introducing reprisal into what they call the administration of justice. New York World.

Successful Co-operative Store.

In Washingtonville, O., says the Cleveland Press, is the most successful co-operative store in the United States, conducted by coal miners. Not one of these miners ever had any schooling beyond the rudiments of the three R's. Not one of them had any business experience to speak of. One night recently these men gathered around the big stove and accepted as a matter of course their auditor's report, giving each of them a rebate of 14 cents on every dollar he had spent over the counters in the last six months. Consider further that each of them receives 5 per cent interest on every dollar he has invested in the store and that the company has assets of more than \$20,000, with no liabilities. Should the concern stop doing business today each stockholder would receive nearly three times what he put in.

REALTY TRANSFERS

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James T. Casey... First Township Wm. H. Brown... Second Township J. MacBain... Third Township Jos. M. Francis... Fourth Township D. E. Blackburn... Fifth Township

S. P. TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 8, 1913

To San Francisco		Fr. San Francisco	
Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
San Mateo	S. F.	San Mateo	S. F.
AM	AM	AM	AM
5:48	6:30	4:30	5:06
6:24	7:30	5:45	6:19
6:44	7:25	7:05	7:43
6:59	7:35	8:05	8:41
7:22	8:00	9:00	9:32
7:48	8:20	10:40	11:17
8:09	8:40		
8:27	9:00	11:40	12:17
9:05	9:40		
9:36	10:10	12:20	1:57
10:52	11:30	2:05	2:39
11:57		2:10	2:54
	PM	3:00	3:32
12:46	1:25	3:25	3:56
2:45	3:25	4:20	4:51
3:25	4:00	5:05	5:41
4:58	5:30	5:25	5:58
5:10	5:45	5:40	6:16
6:44	7:20	6:00	6:34
6:58	7:45	6:30	7:04
7:28	8:00	8:10	8:44
8:32	9:05	10:05	10:39
9:30	10:10	11:45	12:20
11:23	11:55		

*Daily ex. Sunday - a Sunday only - a Saturday only - Via Ocean View.

PAY UP—Quite a number of our subscribers owe for the paper. The amounts are small, but when several hundred of them are added together, the same would be sufficiently large to cover all our obligations and that is our wish.

BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL

President—J. H. Flynn. Vice President—David Walker. Rec. Secty.—H. F. Beckner. Fin. Secty.—Treas.—C. H. Morrison. Bus. Agt.—A. S. Brown. Meets every Thurs. Eve. at 8.

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R. La Rue, plumbing contractor, San Bruno.
Geo. Beals, plasterer, San Mateo.
Zwick, building contractor, Burlingame.
I. P. Morberg, building contractor, Burlingame.
Bradwick, contractor, Burlingame.
John Vickerson, building contractor, Burlingame.
Hanks, contractor, San Bruno.
Fulton, building contractor, Burlingame.
John Lee, building contractor, San Mateo.
Rix, brick contractor, San Bruno.
J. H. Rockingham, building contractor, Burlingame.
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Summons

In the Justice's Court of the First Township, County of San Mateo, State of California.
Semuel M. Valenzuela, Plaintiff, vs. M. Schuyler, Defendant.
The People of the State of California send greeting to M. Schuyler, Defendant.
You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named Plaintiff in the Justice's Court of First Township, County of San Mateo, State of California, and to answer before the Justice, at his office in said Township, the Complaint filed therein, within five days (exclusive of the day of service), after the service on you of this Summons - if served within the Township in which this action is brought; or, if served out of the Township, but in said County, within ten days, or within twenty days if served elsewhere.
And you are hereby notified that if you fail to so appear and answer, the Plaintiff will take judgment for any money or damages demanded in the Complaint, as arising upon Contract, or will apply to the Court for relief demanded in the Complaint.
Make legal service and due return hereof.
Given under my hand this 21st day of January, 1913.
ELLIS C. JOHNSON, Justice of the Peace of said Township. mar5-apr25

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Sewer Pipe
Patent Chimneys

SPRING VALLEY LUMBER YARD

LUMBER

Mill Work, Hardware
And
Plumbing Material

Phones Mission 253 Mission 254

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